## I MINA 'TRENTAI SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN RESOLUTIONS

Resolution No.	Sponsor	Title	Date Intro	Date of Presentation	Date Adopted	Date Referred	Referred to	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE AUTHORS REPORT FILED	NOTES
260-37 (LS)	Jesse A. Lujan Chris Barnett Frank Blas, Jr. Joanne M. Brown Christopher M. Dueñas Thomas J. Fisher Tina Rose Muña Barnes William A. Parkinson Sabina Flores Perez Roy A. B. Quinata Joe S. San Agustin Dwayne T.D. San Nicolas Amanda L. Shelton Telo T. Taitague Therese M. Terlaje	Relative to supporting Guam's efforts in the U.S. Congress for the passage of H.RES. 837, introduced in the United States House of Representatives, which seeks to reaffirm the ties between the United States and the Philippines; and to further supporting the U.SPhilippines Mutual Defense Commitment.			4/26/24	1/17/24	Author	2/5/24 9:00 a.m.	3/12/24 1:56 p.m. As amended by the Author	

## I MINA'TRENTAI SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2023 (FIRST) Regular Session

Resolution No. 260-37 (LS)

As amended by the Author; and further amended on the Floor.

Introduced by:

Jesse A. Lujan Chris Barnett Frank Blas, Jr. Joanne M. Brown Christopher M. Dueñas Thomas J. Fisher Tina Rose Muña Barnes William A. Parkinson Sabina Flores Perez Roy A. B. Quinata Joe S. San Agustin Dwayne T.D. San Nicolas Amanda L. Shelton Telo T. Taitague Therese M. Terlaje

Relative to supporting Guam's efforts in the U.S. Congress for the passage of H.RES. 837, introduced in the United States House of Representatives, which seeks to reaffirm the ties between the United States and the Philippines; and to further supporting the U.S.-Philippines Mutual Defense Commitment.

## **1 BE IT RESOLVED BY I MINA'TRENTAL SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN**

2 GUÅHAN:

WHEREAS, the United States has a longstanding and significant history of diplomatic relations with the Philippines, dating back to July 4, 1946, resulting in strengthened and positive bilateral bonds; and WHEREAS, Guam also has a significant relationship with the Philippines dating
 back to the 1600s; and through shared cultural, religious, and economic ties, Guam and
 the Philippines are very much connected; and

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WHEREAS, there are over four million (4,000,000) United States citizens of Philippine ancestry currently living in the United States, and Guam residents of Filipino descent make up nearly thirty percent (30%) of the island's total population, with Filipinos being a vital and integral part of Guam's cultural and economic fabric; and Filipino-Americans contribute greatly and are part of almost every facet of daily life on Guam; and

WHEREAS, introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives, H.RES. 837 reaffirms the United States' unwavering commitment to support the Philippines, and Guam agrees with such unwavering support. The relationship between Guam and the Philippines perfectly illustrates mutually beneficial partnerships between neighboring regions. Through labor migration, cultural exchange, and tourism, both Guam and the Philippines reap the rewards of friendship and the advantages of economic prosperity; and

WHEREAS, developments that affect the security of the Philippines and regional stability significantly impact Guam due to the geographical proximity and interconnected security concerns. Since the Philippines and Guam share common maritime borders, any volatility, such as political unrest, natural disasters, or security threats involving the Philippines could have direct repercussions for Guam; and

WHEREAS, the People's Republic of China has been increasingly encroaching
 upon the sovereignty of the Philippines through the use of its Coast Guard and Merchant
 Marine, particularly in the Scarborough Shoal; and

WHEREAS, the Chinese Communist Party has been propagating territorial claims based on an arbitrary "ten-dash line," despite a United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea arbitral tribunal's ruling that China's nine-dashed line has "no legal
 basis"; and

WHEREAS, upon the illicit seizure of Mischief Reef in 1994, the People's
Republic of China has enhanced the operational capabilities of the People's Liberation
Army and reinforced their disputed claims in the South China Sea with the construction
of twenty (20) artificial islands; and

WHEREAS, the actions of the People's Republic of China such as using water
cannons against Philippine Coast Guard vessels and military-grade lasers to disable its
crew are efforts to disrupt the regular resupply of the BRP Sierra Madre, a Philippine
Navy Transport Ship, stationed in the Second Thomas Shoal, and ultimately establish
broad territorial rights in the region; and

WHEREAS, on April 3, 2023, the Biden Administration revealed its intentions to expand the Enhanced Defense Cooperation Agreement, thereby strengthening interoperability and collaboration between the United States and the Philippines to address shared challenges in the Indo-Pacific region; and

WHEREAS, on August 5, 2023, the United States Department of State reaffirmed its commitment that an armed attack on Philippine public vessels, aircraft, and armed forces, including those of its Coast Guard in the South China Sea, would trigger U.S. mutual defense obligations outlined in Article IV of the 1951 U.S.-Philippines Mutual Defense Treaty; and

WHEREAS, on October 22, 2023, a Philippine Coast Guard cutter escorting
 supplies to the Second Thomas Shoal encountered an aggressive collision perpetrated
 by the Chinese Coast Guard within the Philippines' exclusive economic zone; and

WHEREAS, China's assertiveness in the region, particularly through the construction of artificial islands, military installations, and military actions in disputed areas, has been a growing cause for concern among neighboring countries and regions. While the island is not directly involved in the territorial disputes in the South China Sea, Guam has significant interest in the stability and security there. Developments involving U.S. military presence, regional security concerns, strategic importance, and alliance commitments in the Indo-Pacific region have broader geopolitical implications for the United States and its allies, with rippling effects extending to the people of Guam; and

WHEREAS, the Guam Legislature understands that maintaining stability and security in the Philippines is central to safeguarding the well-being and strategic interests of Guam and reinforcing the interconnected nature of regional security in the Pacific, and subsequently supports appropriate responses from the United States to the recent display of China's increasing aggression in the region; and

12 WHEREAS, the government of Guam affirms the United States' steadfast 13 commitment to invoke its Mutual Defense Treaty with the Philippines if an armed attack 14 against Philippine assets, including those of the Philippine Coast Guard, is carried out 15 in the South China Sea; urges the United States and the Philippines to initiate joint 16 patrols in the South China Sea, reinforcing their shared commitment to stability and security in the region; objects to the People's Republic of China's unfounded and 17 18 illegitimate sovereignty claims in the South China Sea, emphasizing the importance of 19 international law and peaceful dispute resolution; and welcomes the swift 20 implementation of the Enhanced Defense Cooperation Agreement to ensure that both 21 the United States and the Philippines honor their commitments to the Philippine people 22 and work together to foster a free and open Indo-Pacific for the benefit of all nations; now therefore, be it 23

RESOLVED, that *I Mina'trentai Siette Na Liheslaturan Guåhan* (the 37<sup>th</sup> Guam
 Legislature) does hereby, on behalf of the people of Guam, support Guam's efforts in
 the U.S. Congress for the passage of H.RES. 837, introduced in the United States House

of Representatives, which seeks to reaffirm the ties between the United States and the
 Philippines, and does further support the U.S.-Philippines Mutual Defense
 Commitment; and be it further

4 **RESOLVED**, that the Speaker certify, and the Legislative Secretary attest to, the adoption hereof, and that copies of the same be thereafter transmitted to the Honorable 5 Joseph R. Biden, Jr., President of the United States; the Honorable Kamala D. Harris, 6 7 Vice President of the United States; the Honorable Lloyd Austin, U.S. Secretary of Defense; the Honorable Mike Rogers, Chairman of the U.S. House Armed Services 8 9 Committee; to the Honorable Martin Romualdez, Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Philippines; to the Honorable Gilberto Teodoro, Secretary of the 10 Philippines Department of National Defense; to the Honorable Juan Miguel Zubiri, 11 Senate President of the Philippines; to the Honorable James C. Moylan, Guam Delegate 12 13 to the U.S. Congress; and to the Honorable Lourdes A. Leon Guerrero, I Maga'hågan 14 Guåhan.

## DULY AND REGULARLY ADOPTED BY *I MINA'TRENTAI SIETTE NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN* ON THE 26<sup>TH</sup> DAY OF APRIL 2024.

THERESE M. TERLAJE Speaker

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AMANDAL. SHELTON Legislative Secretary